## WORLD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ORGANIZATION International Bureau



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(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): GAYA LIM-ITED [IE/IE]; 2-3 Sandyford Village, Sandyford, Dublin 18

(72) Inventors; and
(75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only): CALDWELL, Martin
[IE/IE]; 37 Mount Pleasant Square, Ranelagh, Dublin 6
(IE). MUNTNER, Mike [IE/IE]; 19 Doonamana Road, Dun

(74) Agent: MACLACHLAN & DONALDSON; 47 Merrion Square, Dublin 2 (IE).

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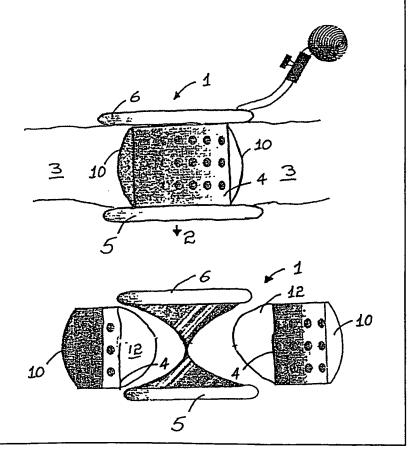
Laoire, County Dublin (IE).

#### (57) Abstract

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(30) Priority Data: S990219

Surgical device (1) is for use in minimally invasive surgery using an inflated body cavity (2) accessible to a surgeon through an access port defined by a sleeve (4) passing through an incision in a patient's abdominal wall (3). The device is held in position by a distal ring (5) and a proximal ring (6). An incision engaging bladder (10) provides a first seal for engaging and retracting the incision when inflated. A second seal is provided by a self engaging bladder (12) for sealing the sleeve (4).



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#### A SURGICAL ACCESS DEVICE

The present invention relates to a surgical device for use in minimally invasive surgery of the type using patient pneumoperitoneum and an access port.

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Minimally invasive surgery of this type is carried out having introduced gas into a patient's body cavity through an incision and sealed the incision with an access port. The access port enables laproscopic and hand or instrument assisted surgery to be performed.

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A sleeve forming such a port is shown in WO-A-95/07056 entitled "Apparatus for use in surgery". The access port sleeve shown is used to create a controlled pressurized environment within the sleeve while allowing a surgeon's arm to pass through the sleeve. During surgery, gas is pumped into the patient's body cavity where the surgery is to be performed and the sleeve prevents gas escaping while allowing the surgeon to operate using minimally invasive surgery techniques. The application shows a sleeve having a flange at a distal end provided with adhesive for adhering the device to a patient's body or alternatively a mounting ring to surround the incision in a patient's body. While providing a suitable apparatus for performing such surgery the device described suffers from the principle disadvantage that in use, the sleeve protrudes upwardly from the patient and may interfere with the activities of the surgery team. Additionally, the sleeve must be sealed against the surgeon's upper forearm by clamping the device to the arm sufficiently tightly to avoid gas leak around the area of the seal. This presents the surgeon with a problem both in sealing the sleeve and in subsequent mobility.

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A further problem associated with the use of sleeves of the kind described is that a phenomenon known as "tenting" may occur. "Tenting" means that when the sleeve is adhered to the patient's skin or to a surgical drape and gas is induced into the patients abdominal cavity, there is a tendency for the sleeve to fill with gas and to pull away from the patient.

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There is therefore a need for a surgical device, which will overcome the aforementioned problems.

WO 00/54675

Accordingly, there is provided a surgical device for use in minimally invasive surgery of the type using an inflated body cavity accessible to a surgeon through an access port, defined by the device, surrounding an incision in a patients body, the device having: -

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body cavity engagement means for insertion into the incision to locate the device in position;

fixing means for attaching the device to a patients skin;

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a sleeve connected between the body cavity engagement means and the fixing means defining an access port; and

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sealing means, operating on the sleeve to prevent substantial leakage of gas from the body cavity on inflation when in an inoperative position and formed to mould a substantial portion of a surgeon's hand or surgical instrument on insertion in an operating position.

Ideally, the sleeve is provided by a perforated wall defining a substantially cylindrical tube.

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Preferably, the body cavity engagement means is provided by a distal ring formed for insertion into the incision.

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Preferably, the fixing means is provided by a proximal ring for engaging with a patient's skin.

In one arrangement, the proximal ring has an associated connector ring for receiving additional seals or medical instruments.

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In a preferred arrangement, the sealing means is provided by an inflatable first seal for engaging and retracting the incision and a second inflatable seal for sealing the lumen of the tube or sleeve bore.

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Ideally, the first seal is provided by an inflatable bladder extending outwardly from the sleeve on inflation to form a seal with the incision.

Preferably, the second seal is provided by an inflatable bladder extending inwardly from the tube or sleeve on inflation to prevent excessive loss of gas through the access port.

In a particularly preferred arrangement, the second seal is operatively connected and mounted within the first seal.

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The invention will now be described more particularly with reference to the accompanying drawings, which show, by way of example only, an embodiment of a surgical device in accordance with the invention, in which:-

Fig. 1 is a front view of a surgical device in accordance with the invention; and

Fig. 2 is an exploded view of the surgical device of Fig. 1.

Referring to the drawings, there is illustrated a surgical device according to the invention, indicated generally by the reference numeral 1. The surgical device 1 is formed for use in minimally invasive surgery of the type using an inflated body cavity indicated generally by the reference numeral 2. The cavity 2 is accessible to a surgeon through an access port, defined by a sleeve 4, passing through an incision in a patient's abdominal wall 3. The sleeve 4 is provided in this case by a perforated wall defining a cylindrical tube

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In more detail, the device 1 has a body cavity engagement means provided by a distal ring 5 for insertion into the incision to locate the device 1 in position. The device 1 is held in position on the patient's skin out side the body by a fixing means provided in this case by a proximal ring 6. The distal ring 5 and proximal ring 6 ensure that the device 1 is securely fixed in position, both rings 5,6 surround the incision and the sleeve 4 passes through the incision connecting the rings.

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The proximal ring 6 may have a connector ring (not shown) for receiving additional seals to prevent loss of pressure from the cavity 2. The connector ring may also be used for holding or guiding medical instruments into position over, through or in the incision.

Sealing means is provided to prevent undue loss of gas from the inflated body cavity 2 by a two part inflatable seal. An incision-engaging bladder 10 provides a first seal for engaging and retracting the incision when inflated. A second seal is provided by a self-engaging bladder 12 mounted within the sleeve 4 for sealing the sleeve 4 when similarly inflated. The sleeve 4 separates the incision-engaging bladder 10 and the self-engaging bladder 12.

The self-engaging bladder 12 surrounds the internal surface of the sleeve 4 and the external surface of the sleeve 4 is in turn surrounded by the incision-engaging bladder 10 thereby providing a compact unit, which is easy to operate.

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In use, an incision is made in the abdominal wall 3 and the distal ring 5 passed through the incision into the cavity 2. The distal ring 5 is moved when in the cavity 2 so that the ring 5 surrounds the incision. The proximal ring 6 is then attached to the patients skin to fix the device 1 in position with the sleeve 4 being connected between the proximal ring 6 and the distal ring 5 and passing between the portions of the abdominal wall 3 exposed by the incision. The incision-engaging bladder 10 and the self-engaging bladder 12 both surrounding the sleeve 4 are also in position passing through the abdominal wall. A hand operated bellows 11 can then pumped to inflate both the incision-engaging bladder 10 and the self-engaging bladder 12. The incision-engaging bladder 10 expands outwardly from the external wall of the sleeve 4 to press against the abdominal wall exposed by the incision to prevent loss of gas from the cavity 2. The self-engaging bladder 12 expands inwardly from the internal wall of the sleeve 4 to close the sleeve 4 against itself thereby preventing loss of gas through the sleeve 4.

When a surgeon wishes to gain access to the cavity 2 a hand or instrument is passed down through the sleeve 4. The inward pressure of the self-engaging bladder 12 ensures that the sleeve is only opened sufficiently to allow the inserted object to pass but prevents loss of pressure from the body cavity. As the object is removed, the same pressure re-seals the sleeve 4 as described above. As a hand or instrument is passed down through the sleeve 4,

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air or gas is expelled from the bladder 12 through perforations in the sleeve 4. The expelled air or gas is forced into the bladder 10 which expands and further retracts the incision, enhancing the ease of access through the sleeve 4 and incision.

It will be noted that while a bellows or inflating device is described, with air or gas communicating between the incision-engaging bladder and the sleeve-engaging bladder it is anticipated that separate inflation devices for independent control may be used.

It will of course be understood that the invention is not limited to the specific details

described herein, which are given by way of example only, and that various modifications
and alterations are possible within the scope of the invention.

#### **CLAIMS**:

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A surgical device for use in minimally invasive surgery of the type using an inflated 1. body cavity accessible to a surgeon through an access port, defined by the device,

surrounding an incision in a patients body, the device having: -5

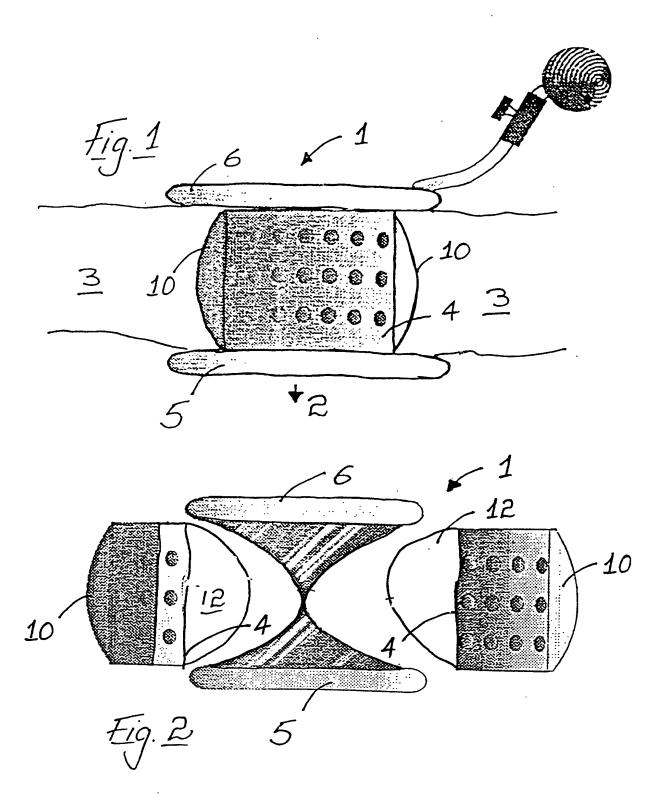
> body cavity engagement means for insertion into the incision to locate the device in position;

fixing means for attaching the device to a patients skin; 10

> a sleeve connected between the body cavity engagement means and the fixing means defining an access port; and

- sealing means, operating on the sleeve to prevent substantial leakage of gas from 15 the body cavity on inflation when in an inoperative position and formed to mould a substantial portion of a surgeon's hand or surgical instrument on insertion in an operating position.
- A surgical device as claimed in Claim 1, in which the sleeve is provided by a 20 perforated wall defining a substantially cylindrical tube.
  - 3. A surgical device as claimed in Claim 1 or Claim 2, in which the body cavity engagement means is provided by a distal ring formed for insertion into the incision.
  - 4. A surgical device as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, in which the fixing means is provided by a proximal ring for engaging with a patient's skin.
- A surgical device as claimed in Claim 4, in which the proximal ring has an associated 5. connector ring for receiving additional seals or medical instruments. 30

- 6. A surgical device as claimed in any one of the preceding claims in which the sealing means is provided by an inflatable first seal for engaging and retracting the incision and a second inflatable seal for sealing the lumen of the tube or sleeve bore.
- 5 7. A surgical device as claimed in Claim 6, in which the first seal is provided by an inflatable bladder extending outwardly from the sleeve on inflation to form a seal with the incision.
- 8. A surgical device as claimed in Claim 6 or Claim 7, in which the second seal is
  provided by an inflatable bladder extending inwardly from the tube or sleeve on inflation to
  prevent excessive loss of gas through the access port.
  - 9. A surgical device as claimed in Claim 8, in which the second seal is operatively connected and mounted within the first seal.



## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

PCT/IE 00/00032

#### A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC 7 A61B17/34 According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC B. FIELDS SEARCHED Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols) IPC 7 A61B Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included. In the fields searched Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used) EPO-Internal C. DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT Category <sup>4</sup> Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages Relevant to claim No. X WO 96 36283 A (GEN SURGICAL INNOVATIONS 1,2 INC) 21 November 1996 (1996-11-21) Y page 13, line 19 -page 15, line 15; figure 3-5 US 5 366 478 A (CANDADAI RAMESH S ET AL) X 1,3-522 November 1994 (1994-11-22) 3-5 abstract; figures 1,2 X **GB 2 275 420 A (GAUNT)** 1 31 August 1994 (1994-08-31) abstract; figures 3,10 US 5 741 298 A (MACLEOD CATHEL) Α 21 April 1998 (1998-04-21) column 8, line 61 - line 67; figure 2 Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C. X Patent family members are listed in annex. Special categories of cited documents : T later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but "A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the "E" earlier document but published on or after the international "X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to filing date "L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified) involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone "Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such docu-"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or ments, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art. other means document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed "&" document member of the same patent family Date of the actual completion of the international search Date of mailing of the international search report 14 July 2000 21/07/2000 Name and mailing address of the ISA Authorized officer European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentiaan 2 NL – 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo ni, Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016 Moers, R





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Category *	ntion) DOCUMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT  Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
1	WO 95 07056 A (ENCORET) 16 March 1995 (1995-03-16) cited in the application abstract; figure 9	1
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	document search report		Publication date		Patent family member(s)	Publication date
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## PATENT COOPERATION TREAT

**PCT** 

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## INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference P7964.WO	
International application No.   International filing date (day/month/year)   Priority date (day/month/year)   Priority date (day/month/year)   18/03/1999   International Patent Classification (IPC) or national classification and IPC   A61B17/34   Applicant   GAYA LIMITED et al.    1. This international preliminary examination report has been prepared by this International Preliminary Examining and is transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36.   2. This REPORT consists of a total of 4 sheets, including this cover sheet.     This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, i.e. sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which the been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications made before this Auth (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions under the PCT).  These annexes consist of a total of 4 sheets.   3. This report contains indications relating to the following items:        Basis of the report	
PCT/IE00/00032 20/03/2000 18/03/1999  International Patent Classification (IPC) or national classification and IPC A61B17/34  Applicant GAYA LIMITED et al.  1. This international preliminary examination report has been prepared by this International Preliminary Examining and is transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36.  2. This REPORT consists of a total of 4 sheets, including this cover sheet.  Solution This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, i.e. sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which is been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications made before this Auth (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions under the PCT).  These annexes consist of a total of 4 sheets.  3. This report contains indications relating to the following items:  I Solution Basis of the report II Priority III Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability IV Lack of unity of invention V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability	<b>√</b> 416)
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Applicant GAYA LIMITED et al.  1. This international preliminary examination report has been prepared by this International Preliminary Examining and is transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36.  2. This REPORT consists of a total of 4 sheets, including this cover sheet.  \[ \text{	
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<ol> <li>This international preliminary examination report has been prepared by this International Preliminary Examining and is transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36.</li> <li>This REPORT consists of a total of 4 sheets, including this cover sheet.</li> <li>This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, i.e. sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which is been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications made before this Auth (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions under the PCT).</li> <li>These annexes consist of a total of 4 sheets.</li> <li>Basis of the report</li> <li>Priority</li> <li>Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability</li> <li>Lack of unity of invention</li> <li>Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability</li> </ol>	
and is transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36.  2. This REPORT consists of a total of 4 sheets, including this cover sheet.  □ This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, i.e. sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which is been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications made before this Auth (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions under the PCT).  These annexes consist of a total of 4 sheets.  □ Basis of the report □ Priority □ Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability □ Lack of unity of invention □ Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability	
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<ul> <li>II □ Priority</li> <li>III □ Non-establishment of opinion with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial applicability</li> <li>IV □ Lack of unity of invention</li> <li>V ☒ Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability</li> </ul>	
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# INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No. PCT/IE00/00032

I. B	asis	of	the	repoi	rt
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# INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY International application No. PCT/IE00/00032 EXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEET

#### Re Item V

Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

WO-A-9636283 (D1) discloses (see Fig. 12) a surgical access device comprising distal body cavity engagement means, proximal fixing means and an interconnecting sleeve 48 defining an access port. The sleeve has an inflatable inner seal for sealing the lumen of the sleeve.

The technical problem is how to improve the sealing capabilities of such a device. The solution is to provide the interconnecting sleeve with a first outer inflatable seal and a second inner inflatable seal, making it better adjustable for sealing both sides of the sleeve.

Access ports with inner and outer inflatable seals are known in the prior art (see D1, Fig. 17 and US-A-5366478 (D2), Fig. 1) but these consist of one single dumbbell shaped balloon, not connected to a sleeve (D2) or connected at one side only (D1).

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#### 531 Rec'd PCT// A SURGICAL ACCESS DEVICE

18 SEP 2001
REPLACED BY
ART 34 AMOUT

The present invention relates to a surgical device for use in minimally invasive surgery of the type using patient pneumoperitoneum and an access port.

Minimally invasive surgery of this type is carried out having introduced gas into a patient's body cavity through an incision and sealed the incision with an access port. The access port enables laproscopic and hand or instrument assisted surgery to be performed.

A sleeve forming such a port is shown in WO-A-95/07056 entitled "Apparatus for use in surgery". The access port sleeve shown is used to create a controlled pressurized environment within the sleeve while allowing a surgeon's arm to pass through the sleeve. During surgery, gas is pumped into the patient's body cavity where the surgery is to be performed and the sleeve prevents gas escaping while allowing the surgeon to operate using minimally invasive surgery techniques. The application shows a sleeve having a flange at a distal end provided with adhesive for adhering the device to a patient's body or alternatively a mounting ring to surround the incision in a patient's body. While providing a suitable apparatus for performing such surgery the device described suffers from the principle disadvantage that in use, the sleeve protrudes upwardly from the patient and may interfere with the activities of the surgery team. Additionally, the sleeve must be sealed against the surgeon's upper forearm by clamping the device to the arm sufficiently tightly to avoid gas leak around the area of the seal. This presents the surgeon with a problem both in sealing the sleeve and in subsequent mobility.

A further problem associated with the use of sleeves of the kind described is that a phenomenon known as "tenting" may occur. "Tenting" means that when the sleeve is adhered to the patient's skin or to a surgical drape and gas is induced into the patients abdominal cavity, there is a tendency for the sleeve to fill with gas and to pull away from the patient.

There is therefore a need for a surgical device, which will overcome the aforementioned problems.

Accordingly, there is provided a surgical device for use in minimally invasive surgery of the type using an inflated body cavity accessible to a surgeon through an access port, defined by the device, surrounding an incision in a patients body, the device having: -

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body cavity engagement means for insertion into the incision to locate the device in position;

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fixing means for attaching the device to a patients skin;

a sleeve connected between the body cavity engagement means and the fixing means defining an access port; and

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sealing means, operating on the sleeve to prevent substantial leakage of gas from the body cavity on inflation when in an inoperative position and formed to mould a substantial portion of a surgeon's hand or surgical instrument on insertion in an operating position.

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Ideally, the sleeve is provided by a perforated wall defining a substantially cylindrical tube.

Preferably, the body cavity engagement means is provided by a distal ring formed for insertion into the incision.

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Preferably, the fixing means is provided by a proximal ring for engaging with a patient's skin.

In one arrangement, the proximal ring has an associated connector ring for receiving additional seals or medical instruments.

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In a preferred arrangement, the sealing means is provided by an inflatable first seal for engaging and retracting the incision and a second inflatable seal for sealing the lumen of the tube or sleeve bore.

#### <u>CLAIMS</u>:

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1. A surgical device for use in minimally invasive surgery of the type using an inflated body cavity accessible to a surgeon through an access port, defined by the device, surrounding an incision in a patients body, the device having: -

body cavity engagement means for insertion into the incision to locate the device in position;

- fixing means for attaching the device to a patients skin:
  - a sleeve connected between the body cavity engagement means and the fixing means defining an access port; and
- sealing means, operating on the sleeve to prevent substantial leakage of gas from the body cavity on inflation when in an inoperative position and formed to mould a substantial portion of a surgeon's hand or surgical instrument on insertion in an operating position.
- 20 2. A surgical device as claimed in Claim 1, in which the sleeve is provided by a perforated wall defining a substantially cylindrical tube.
  - 3. A surgical device as claimed in Claim 1 or Claim 2, in which the body cavity engagement means is provided by a distal ring formed for insertion into the incision.
  - 4. A surgical device as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, in which the fixing means is provided by a proximal ring for engaging with a patient's skin.
- 5. A surgical device as claimed in Claim 4, in which the proximal ring has an associated connector ring for receiving additional seals or medical instruments.





#### INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

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(71) Applicant (for all designated States except US): GAYA LIM-ITED [IE/IE]; 2-3 Sandyford Village, Sandyford, Dublin 18

(72) Inventors; and
(75) Inventors/Applicants (for US only): CALDWELL, Martin [IE/IE]; 37 Mount Pleasant Square, Ranelagh, Dublin 6 (IE). MUNTNER, Mike [IE/IE]; 19 Doonamana Road, Dun Laoire, County Dublin (IE).

(74) Agent: MACLACHLAN & DONALDSON; 47 Merrion Square, Dublin 2 (IE).

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#### **Published**

With international search report.

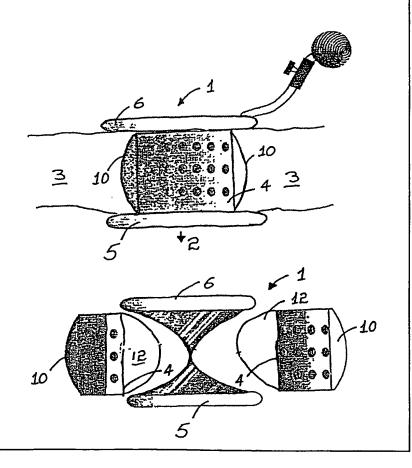
Before the expiration of the time limit for amending the claims and to be republished in the event of the receipt of amendments.

(54) Title: A SURGICAL ACCESS DEVICE

#### (57) Abstract

(30) Priority Data: S990219

Surgical device (1) is for use in minimally invasive surgery using an inflated body cavity (2) accessible to a surgeon through an access port defined by a sleeve (4) passing through an incision in a patient's abdominal wall (3). The device is held in position by a distal ring (5) and a proximal ring (6). An incision engaging bladder (10) provides a first seal for engaging and retracting the incision when inflated. A second seal is provided by a self engaging bladder (12) for sealing the sleeve (4).





### **INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT**

(PCT Article 18 and Rules 43 and 44)

Applicant's or agent's file reference P7964.WO		of Transmittal of International Search Report 220) as well as, where applicable, item 5 below.
International application No.	International filing date (day/month/year)	(Earliest) Priority Date (day/month/year)
PCT/IE 00/00032	20/03/2000	18/03/1999
Applicant GAYA LIMITED et al.		
This International Search Report has been according to Article 18. A copy is being tra	n prepared by this International Searching Autlansmitted to the International Bureau.	hority and is transmitted to the applicant
	of a total of3 sheets. a copy of each prior art document cited in this	report.
	international search was carried out on the bases otherwise indicated under this item.	sis of the international application in the
the international search w Authority (Rule 23.1(b)).	as carried out on the basis of a translation of t	he international application furnished to this
b. With regard to any nucleotide an was carried out on the basis of the contained in the internatio		nternational application, the international search
	this Authority in computer readble form.	and the second that dead and the
international application as	sequently furnished written sequence listing d s filed has been furnished.	oes not go beyond the disclosure in the
the statement that the info furnished	rmation recorded in computer readable form is	s identical to the written sequence listing has been
2. Certain claims were four	nd unsearchable (See Box I).	
3. Unity of Invention is lack	dng (see Box II).	•
4. With regard to the title,		
the text is approved as sul	bmitted by the applicant.	•
The text has been establish  A SURGICAL ACCESS DEVI	hed by this Authority to read as follows:	
A GONGTONE MODEGO DEVI		
	•	
5. With regard to the abstract,		
	bmitted by the applicant. hed, according to Rule 38.2(b), by this Authorit date of mailing of this international search rep	
6. The figure of the drawings to be public	·	1.2
as suggested by the applic	•	None of the figures.
because the applicant faile	ed to suggest a figure.	<u> </u>
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## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

ernational Application No.
PCT/IE 00/00032

## A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER IPC 7 A61B17/34

According to International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both national classification and IPC

#### **B. FIELDS SEARCHED**

Minimum documentation searched (classification system followed by classification symbols)

IPC 7 A61B

Documentation searched other than minimum documentation to the extent that such documents are included in the fields searched

Electronic data base consulted during the international search (name of data base and, where practical, search terms used)

#### EPO-Internal

Category °	Citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
X	WO 96 36283 A (GEN SURGICAL INNOVATIONS INC) 21 November 1996 (1996-11-21)	1,2
Υ	page 13, line 19 -page 15, line 15; figure 12	3-5
X	US 5 366 478 A (CANDADAI RAMESH S ET AL) 22 November 1994 (1994-11-22)	1,3-5
Y	abstract; figures 1,2	3–5
<b>X</b>	GB 2 275 420 A (GAUNT) 31 August 1994 (1994-08-31) abstract; figures 3,10	1
A	US 5 741 298 A (MACLEOD CATHEL) 21 April 1998 (1998-04-21) column 8, line 61 - line 67; figure 2	5
	-/	
		•

X Further documents are listed in the continuation of box C.	Patent family members are listed in annex.
<ul> <li>Special categories of cited documents:</li> <li>"A" document defining the general state of the art which is not considered to be of particular relevance</li> <li>"E" earlier document but published on or after the international filing date</li> <li>"L" document which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is cited to establish the publication date of another citation or other special reason (as specified)</li> <li>"O" document referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other means</li> <li>"P" document published prior to the international filing date but later than the priority date claimed</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>"T" later document published after the international filing date or priority date and not in conflict with the application but cited to understand the principle or theory underlying the invention</li> <li>"X" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered novel or cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is taken alone</li> <li>"Y" document of particular relevance; the claimed invention cannot be considered to involve an inventive step when the document is combined with one or more other such documents, such combination being obvious to a person skilled in the art.</li> <li>"&amp;" document member of the same patent family</li> </ul>
Date of the actual completion of the international search	Date of mailing of the international search report
14 July 2000	21/07/2000
Name and mailing address of the ISA	Authorized officer
European Patent Office, P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2 NL - 2280 HV Rijswijk Tel. (+31-70) 340-2040, Tx. 31 651 epo nl, Fax: (+31-70) 340-3016	Moers, R



PCT/IE 00/00032

Category °	citation of document, with indication, where appropriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.	
<del></del>			
A	WO 95 07056 A (ENCORET) 16 March 1995 (1995-03-16) cited in the application abstract; figure 9	1	
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## PCT

### INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicants	20.20	ent's file reference			<u> </u>			
P7964.V	•	ents in telefolic	FOR FURTHER AC	CTION		ation of Transmittal of International Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)		
Internation	al app	lication No.	International filing date (	day/month	/year)	Priority date (day/month/year)		
PCT/IEC	00/00	032	20/03/2000			18/03/1999		
Internation A61B17		ent Classification (IPC) or na	ational classification and IPC	C				
Applicant								
GAYA L	IMITE	ED et al.	30					
1. This and i	intern s tran	ational preliminary exam smitted to the applicant	nination report has been according to Article 36.	prepared	by this Inte	rnational Preliminary Examining Authority		
2. This	REPO	ORT consists of a total of	4 sheets, including this	cover sh	neet.			
t	This report is also accompanied by ANNEXES, i.e. sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis for this report and/or sheets containing rectifications made before this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions under the PCT).							
Thes	e ann	exes consist of a total of	4 sheets.					
·								
3. This	report	contains indications rela	ating to the following item	ns:				
1	$\boxtimes$	Basis of the report						
- 11		Priority				·		
III	$\Box$	Non-establishment of o	pinion with regard to no	velty, inve	entive step a	and industrial applicability		
IV		Lack of unity of invention						
V	×	Reasoned statement un citations and explanation	nder Article 35(2) with re ons suporting such state	egard to n ment	ovelty, inve	ntive step or industrial applicability;		
VI		Certain documents cite	ed					
VII		Certain defects in the ir	nternational application					
VIII	VIII   Certain observations on the international application							
Data of out								
Date of submission of the demand				Date of co	ompletion of th	nis report		
11/09/20	00			26.07.200	01			
	Name and mailing address of the international			Authorize	d officer	250°53 mg.		
preliminary examining authority:  European Patent Office - P.B. 5818 Patentlaan 2  NL-2280 HV Rijswijk - Pays Bas  Tel. +31 70 340 - 2040 Tx: 31 651 epo nl				Moers,	R	A STATE OF THE STA		
Fax: +31 70 340 - 3016				Telephon	e No. +31 70	340 2375		

## INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY **EXAMINATION REPORT**

International application No. PCT/IE00/00032

l. Bas	sis (	of	the	report
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1.	. With regard to the <b>elements</b> of the international application (Replacement sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report since they do not contain amendments (Rules 70.16 and 70.17)): <b>Description, pages:</b>							
	3-5	5	as originally filed					
	1,2	!	as received on	20/02/2001	with letter of	15/02/2001		
	Cla	aims, No.:						
	`-1-8		as received on	20/02/2001	with letter of	15/02/2001		
	Dra	awings, sheets:						
	1/1		as originally filed					
2.	Wit lan	h regard to the <b>lang</b> guage in which the i	<b>Juage</b> , all the elements mark nternational application was	ked above were a s filed, unless othe	vailable or furnishe erwise indicated ur	ed to this Authority in the nder this item.		
	These elements were available or furnished to this Authority in the following language: , which is:							
	☐ the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of the international search (under Rule 23.1(b)).							
	the language of publication of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)).							
	the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examination (under Rule 55.2 and/or 55.3).							
3.	With regard to any <b>nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence</b> disclosed in the international application, the international preliminary examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing:							
	☐ contained in the international application in written form.							
		filed together with t	the international application	in computer reada	able form.			
	☐ furnished subsequently to this Authority in written form.							
		furnished subseque	ently to this Authority in com	nputer readable fo	rm.			
		The statement that the international ap	the subsequently furnished oplication as filed has been t	l written sequence furnished.	listing does not g	o beyond the disclosure in		
		The statement that listing has been fur	the information recorded in nished.	computer readab	le form is identical	to the written sequence		
4.	The	amendments have	resulted in the cancellation	of:				

4.

# INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No. PCT/IE00/00032

		the description,	pages:		
		the claims,	Nos.:		
		the drawings,	sheets:		
5.		This report has been considered to go bey	establish	ed as if (s isclosure	some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have been as filed (Rule 70.2(c)):
		(Any replacement shi report.)	eet contai	ining such	h amendments must be referred to under item 1 and annexed to this
6.	Add `.	litional observations, if	necessai	ry:	
V.	Rea	soned statement und tions and explanatio	der Articl ns suppo	e 35(2) w orting suc	with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; ch statement
1.	Stat	ement			
	Nov	elty (N)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	
	Inve	entive step (IS)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	
	Indu	strial applicability (IA)	Yes: No:	Claims Claims	
2.	Citat	tions and explanations	•		

Citations and explanations see separate sheet

# INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY International application No. PCT/IE00/00032 EXAMINATION REPORT - SEPARATE SHEET

#### Re Item V

Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

WO-A-9636283 (D1) discloses (see Fig. 12) a surgical access device comprising distal body cavity engagement means, proximal fixing means and an interconnecting sleeve 48 defining an access port. The sleeve has an inflatable inner seal for sealing the lumen of the sleeve.

The technical problem is how to improve the sealing capabilities of such a device. The solution is to provide the interconnecting sleeve with a first outer inflatable seal and a second inner inflatable seal, making it better adjustable for sealing both sides of the sleeve.

Access ports with inner and outer inflatable seals are known in the prior art (see D1, Fig. 17 and US-A-5366478 (D2), Fig. 1) but these consist of one single dumbbell shaped balloon, not connected to a sleeve (D2) or connected at one side only (D1).

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#### A SURGICAL ACCESS DEVICE

The present invention relates to a surgical device for use in minimally invasive surgery of the type using patient pneumoperitoneum and an access port.

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Minimally invasive surgery of this type is carried out having introduced gas into a patient's body cavity through an incision and sealed the incision with an access port. The access port enables laproscopic and hand or instrument assisted surgery to be performed.

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A sleeve forming such a port is shown in WO-A-95/07056 entitled "Apparatus for use in The access port sleeve shown is used to create a controlled pressurized environment within the sleeve while allowing a surgeon's arm to pass through the sleeve. During surgery, gas is pumped into the patient's body cavity where the surgery is to be performed and the sleeve prevents gas escaping while allowing the surgeon to operate using minimally invasive surgery techniques. The application shows a sleeve having a flange at a distal end provided with adhesive for adhering the device to a patient's body or alternatively a mounting ring to surround the incision in a patient's body. While providing a suitable apparatus for performing such surgery the device described suffers from the principle disadvantage that in use, the sleeve protrudes upwardly from the patient and may interfere with the activities of the surgery team. Additionally, the sleeve must be sealed against the surgeon's upper forearm by clamping the device to the arm sufficiently tightly to avoid gas leak around the area of the seal. This presents the surgeon with a problem both

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A further problem associated with the use of sleeves of the kind described is that a phenomenon known as "tenting" may occur. "Tenting" means that when the sleeve is adhered to the patient's skin or to a surgical drape and gas is induced into the patients abdominal cavity, there is a tendency for the sleeve to fill with gas and to pull away from the patient.

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International Patent Specification No. WO 96/36283 discloses surgical access devices for sealing an incision and providing a sealed access port for surgical instruments.

in sealing the sleeve and in subsequent mobility.

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embodiment disclosed in the specification of WO 96/36283, a flexible skin seal is fitted with one or more dumb-bell shaped balloons. These balloons can be inflated after the skin seal is inserted into an incision in the abdomen.

5 There is therefore a need for a surgical device, which will overcome the aforementioned problems.

Accordingly, there is provided a surgical device for use in minimally invasive surgery of the type using an inflated body cavity accessible to a surgeon through an access port, defined by the device, surrounding an incision in a patient's body, the device having: -

body cavity engagement means for insertion into the incision to locate the device in position; fixing means for attaching the device to a patients skin; a sleeve connected between the body cavity engagement means and the fixing means defining an access port; and charaterized in that the device includes sealing means, operating on the sleeve to prevent substantial leakage of gas from the body cavity on inflation when in an inoperative position and formed to mould a substantial portion of a surgeon's hand or surgical instrument on insertion in an operating position, the sealing means being provided by an inflatable first seal for engaging and retracting the incision and a second inflatable seal for sealing the lumen of the tube or sleeve bore.

Ideally, the sleeve is provided by a perforated wall defining a substantially cylindrical tube.

25 Preferably, the body cavity engagement means is provided by a distal ring formed for insertion into the incision.

Preferably, the fixing means is provided by a proximal ring for engaging with a patient's skin.

In one arrangement, the proximal ring has an associated connector ring for receiving additional seals or medical instruments.

AMENDED SHEET

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#### **CLAIMS**:

1. A surgical device (1) for use in minimally invasive surgery of the type using an inflated body cavity (2) accessible to a surgeon through an access port, defined by the device (1), surrounding an incision in a patient's body, the device having: -

body cavity engagement means (5) for insertion into the incision to locate the device in position;

- fixing means (6) for attaching the device to a patients skin;
  - a sleeve (4) connected between the body cavity engagement means (5) and the fixing means defining an access port; and
- characterized in that the device includes sealing means (10, 12), operating on the sleeve (4) to prevent substantial leakage of gas from the body cavity (2) on inflation when in an inoperative position and formed to mould a substantial portion of a surgeon's hand or surgical instrument on insertion in an operating position, the sealing means being provided by an inflatable first seal (10) for engaging and retracting the incision and a second inflatable seal (12) for sealing the lumen of the tube or sleeve bore.
  - 2. A surgical device (1) as claimed in Claim 1, in which the sleeve (4) is provided by a perforated wall defining a substantially cylindrical tube.
  - 3. A surgical device (1) as claimed in Claim 1 or Claim 2, in which the body cavity engagement (5) means is provided by a distal ring (5) formed for insertion into the incision.
- 4. A surgical device (1) as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, in which the fixing means (6) is provided by a proximal ring (6) for engaging with a patient's skin.

AMENDED SHEET

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- 5. A surgical device (1) as claimed in Claim 4, in which the proximal ring (6) has an associated connector ring for receiving additional seals or medical instruments.
- 6. A surgical device as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, in which the first seal
  5 (10) is provided by an inflatable bladder (10) extending outwardly from the sleeve on inflation to form a seal with the incision.
  - 7. A surgical device as claimed in any one of the preceding claims, in which the second seal (12) is provided by an inflatable bladder (12) extending inwardly from the tube or sleeve (4) on inflation to prevent excessive loss of gas through the access port.
  - 8. A surgical device as claimed in Claim 7, in which the second seal (12) is operatively connected and mounted within the first seal (10).

AMENDED SHEET

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Total number of pages: 2

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1	M905	2

Remarks:			

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